

Nouns الأسماء

Arabic nouns according to gender, number, and Iaraab form:

Gender	No.	The condition of Rafa الرفع (Subject)		The condition of Nasb النصب (Object)		The condition of Jarr الجر (Prepositon)	
mg.	sr.	مُسْلِمٌ +	مُسْلِمٌ	مُسْلِمًا + أ	مُسْلِمًا	مُسْلِمٍ +	مُسْلِمٍ
	dl.	مُسْلِمَانِ + اِنِ	مُسْلِمَانِ	مُسْلِمَيْنِ + يِنِ	مُسْلِمَيْنِ	مُسْلِمَيْنِ + يِنِ	مُسْلِمَيْنِ
	pl.	مُسْلِمُونَ + وْنَ	مُسْلِمُونَ	مُسْلِمِينَ + يِنِ	مُسْلِمِينَ	مُسْلِمِينَ + يِنِ	مُسْلِمِينَ
fg.	sr.	مُسْلِمَةٌ +	مُسْلِمَةٌ	مُسْلِمَةً +	مُسْلِمَةً	مُسْلِمَةٍ +	مُسْلِمَةٍ
	dl.	مُسْلِمَتَانِ + اِنِ	مُسْلِمَتَانِ	مُسْلِمَتَيْنِ + يِنِ	مُسْلِمَتَيْنِ	مُسْلِمَتَيْنِ + يِنِ	مُسْلِمَتَيْنِ
	pl.	مُسْلِمَاتٌ +	مُسْلِمَاتٌ	مُسْلِمَاتٍ +	مُسْلِمَاتٍ	مُسْلِمَاتٍ +	مُسْلِمَاتٍ

Gender: **mg.:** Masculine gender **fg.:** Feminine gender
Number: **sr.:** Singular **dl.:** Dual **pl.:** Plural

Plurals In Arabic:

There are two types of plurals in Arabic:

- Solid Plural **جَمْعٌ سَالِمٌ** (Jamea' Saleem): Which we can form the plural using a very simple rules.
- Broken Plural **جَمْعٌ تَكْسِيرٌ** (Jamea' Takseer): Which requires more complicated rules to form.

Rules of forming a solid plural:

- **Masculine Solid Plural** could be formed by adding (**مُسْلِمُونَ**) or (**مُسْلِمِينَ**) to the end of the noun (depending on the I'araab Form).
 - **Feminine Solid Plural** could be formed by replacing the Taa Marbootah **ة** with **ات**
- Note: .We can form a **dual** by adding (**مُسْلِمَانِ**) or (**مُسْلِمَتَيْنِ**) to the end of the noun (depending on the I'araab Form).

Demonstrative Pronouns and Relative Pronouns:

Gender	No.	Demonstrative Pronouns		Relative Pronouns			
mg.	sr.	This	هَذَا	That	ذَلِكَ	(The one) who	الَّذِي
	dl.	These Two	هَذَانِ	Those Two	ذَانِكَ	(The two) who	الَّذَانِ - الَّذِينَ
	pl.	Theses All	هَؤُلَاءِ	Those All	أُولَئِكَ	(Those) who	الَّذِينَ
fg.	sr.	This	هَذِهِ	That	تِلْكَ	(The one) who	الَّتِي
	dl.	These Two	هَاتَانِ	Those Two	تَانِكَ	(The two) who	الَّتَانِ - اللَّتَيْنِ
	pl.	Theses All	هَؤُلَاءِ	Those All	أُولَئِكَ	(Those) who	الَّتِي - اللَّائِي

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